

## HEARING-AID AMPLIFIER

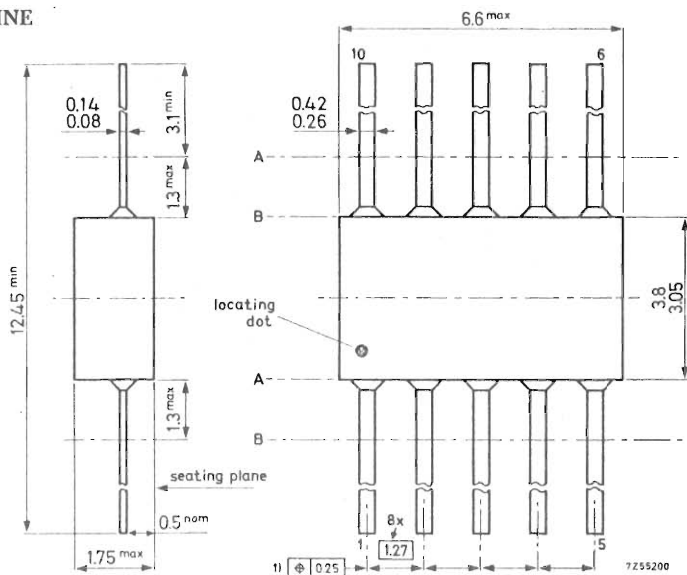
Integrated monolithic a.f. amplifier for use in hearing aids. The collector current of the class A output transmitter can be determined externally, making the circuit suitable for a wide range of output powers at a low current consumption. Provision is made for the use of peak-clipping and frequency compensation circuits, and special measures have been taken to minimize the influence of temperature and supply voltage variations.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

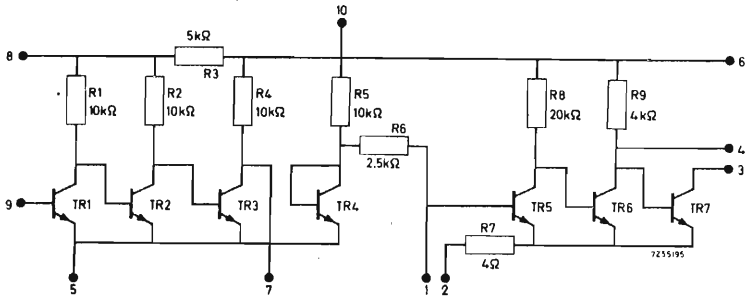
Supply voltage	$V_B$	nom.	1.3 V
Transducer gain	$G_{tr}$	typ.	90 dB
Output power at $d_{tot} = 10\%$	$P_o$	typ.	1.5 mW
Saturation voltage of TR7 at $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{6-2} = 1.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{3-2sat}$	<	300 mV
Current consumption of all stages except output stage	$I$	typ.	0.35 mA
Noise figure	$F$	typ.	3 dB

## PACKAGE OUTLINE

XE10 (TO-89)



## CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



**RATINGS** Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC134)

### Voltages

$V_{6-2}$  max. 5 V

$V_{3-2}$  max. 5 V

$V_{8-2}$  max. 5 V

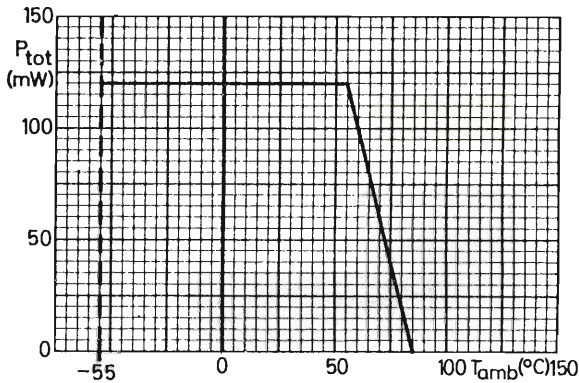
$V_{5-9}$  max. 5 V

### Currents

$I_2$  max. 20 mA

$I_3$  max. 20 mA

Maximum allowable total power dissipation versus ambient temperature



### Temperatures

Storage temperature

$T_{stg}$  -55 to +85 °C

Operating ambient temperature

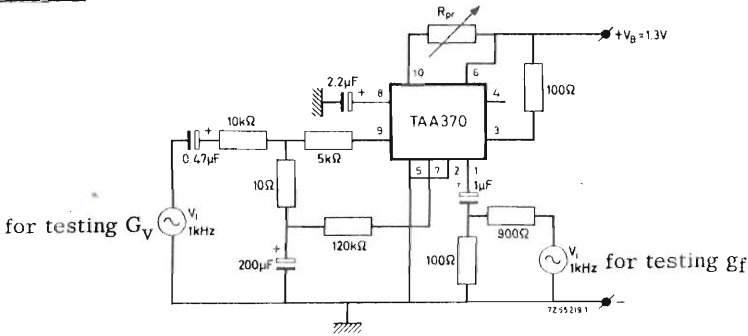
$T_{amb}$  -55 to +85 °C

## CHARACTERISTICS (see also test circuit)

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Supply voltage	$V_B$	nom.	1.3 V
Voltage gain of first 3 transistors (TR1 to TR3)	$G_V$	>	60 dB
Transconductance of last 3 transistors (TR5 to TR7)	$g_f$		200 to 280 $\text{m}\Omega^{-1}$
Saturation voltage of last transistor (TR7) at $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{6-2} = 1.3\text{ V}$	$V_{3-2\text{ sat}}$	<	300 mV
Current consumption of all stages except output stage	$I$	typ.	0.35 mA < 0.5 mA
Noise figure $R_S = 5\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $B = 400\text{ to }3200\text{ Hz}$	$F$	typ.	3 dB < 6 dB

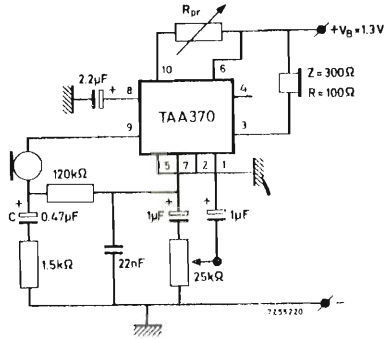
## Test circuit



# TAA370

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TAA370 in a 1.5 mW amplifier



$$I_3 = 2.5 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{\text{tot}} = 2.85 \text{ mA}$$

$$R_{\text{pr}} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$$

